

## *Canada's Roles in WWII – pt I*

- before 1942, Canada only had participated in a couple of missions, both of which were near disasters
  - Hong Kong – many killed or taken prisoner by Japan
  - Dunkirk – had to be rescued off the beaches in France
- from '39-'42, most of our soldiers' time was spent endlessly training and drinking in Britain
  - Britain was fighting the Battle of Britain and the Battle of the Atlantic, and the idea of using CDN troops in Europe was the furthest from their mind

### *Dieppe (Aug. 1942)*

- by summer of '42, Stalin was in trouble
  - the Germans had millions of troops in Russia, and Russia was barely holding on...
    - Stalin told Churchill: "If you don't open up a western front on the Nazis, I may be forced to surrender..."
- because Canada was so eager to fight, we got the job
- operations were kept top secret:
  - CDNs would make up the majority of the assault
    - amphibious attack on the beaches of Dieppe in German-occupied France (radar reconnaissance?)
    - attack early morning under cover of night
    - fierce bombing campaigns to lead the attack
    - take the beach and hold it
  - GOAL – make Germany draw troops away from Russia to defend against more possible Allied attacks

- August 19, 1942, the attack was launched, but there was a vital change made...

- bombing was scrapped – believed that surprise was more important than bombing the Germans
  - now, the German machinegun nests and bunkers would be intact (oops...)

- the attack itself was mostly a disaster

- bad luck struck, and the assault team was spotted by a German boat
  - they radioed ahead and the Germans were waiting with MG42s oiled and ready
- the sail across took too long, and the first wave of troops attacked in daylight, in mostly wooden landing craft
- the tanks that landed on the beaches were useless
  - treads did not grip the large pebbles
  - couldn't move and were sitting ducks
- only one person in each platoon was trained in radio use
  - they LED the attack off the boats, which meant that they died first
  - nobody could use the radios to tell the men to STOP coming... it was a massacre
- over 3600 troops were killed or taken prisoner

- on a positive note, Dieppe did see one success

- on a secret side mission, one group broke through the lines to a German radar base

- a CDN scientist was with them...
  - needed to steal information about the German's radar that was responsible for dropping thousands of Allied planes

- figured out how to scramble the German radar as a result
  - planes dropped pieces of tin foil as they flew over German radar
  - the radar beams would be scrambled in all directions from the tin foil
    - as a result, Germans had no idea how many planes were flying overhead, or where they were at all

- newspapers in Canada wrote about how much of a success Dieppe raid was

- did not want the public to know how much of a beating we took

### *Did Dieppe Help For Future Invasions?*

- when D-Day was being planned (greatest invasion mission of WWII), Dieppe's failures were taken into consideration

- they learned:

- bombing is always good to weaken defenses, and surprise on a major assault is overrated
- absolute secrecy was vital if possible prior to the attack
- landing craft had to be metal to stop bullets
- tanks needed better tread to grip the beaches
- attack under cover of night... no exceptions
- train each person on radio use to keep communication open

- it is just a shame that thousands of CDNs had to die or be captured to learn these pretty obvious lessons

## *Canada's Role in WWII – pt II*

- Dieppe didn't go so well, but Allied attacks went on as planned after 1942

- Africa, then up from Egypt to Italy...
- plan was: liberate Italy, liberate France, and have Russia push towards Germany from the east
  - 3 front war = defeat of the Nazis

### *Ortona (1943-1944)*

- CDNs played a vital role in the liberation of Italy, and this was one of our greatest achievements in WWII

- on July 10, 1943, troops moved into southern Italy

- fierce fighting resulted as the Italians and Nazis retreated
- bad weather created conditions similar to WWI

- CDN troops besieged the coastal Italian town of Ortona and fought for a month to liberate it

- cost us 1372 soldiers before the Nazis withdrew

- we're still honoured by the Italians for our services

### *D-Day (June 6<sup>th</sup>, 1944)*

- this was the massive invasion planned by the Allies to take back occupied France from the Germans

- learned from Dieppe in 1942...

- 5 beaches were hit on the French coast on the same day
  - over 500,000 troops landed at the same moment in five different locations
    - paratroopers landed behind the lines all night, and fierce bombing campaigns weakened defenses
  - over 30,000 CDNs landed on Juno Beach
    - met fairly little defense other than barbed wire, obstacles, and a few machine gun nests
    - were very successful!
- today, the Juno Beach memorial stands as a tribute to CDN soldiers lost in the attack

### *Holland (1944-1945)*

- Canada received the unenviable job of liberating Holland from the Nazis
  - sounds easy right?
    - flat land, most of which is behind sea level
      - FLOODING when dams were blown
    - 75,000+ Nazis were dug in, waiting...
    - left all to the CDNs
- over 6000 CDNs died fighting in Holland
  - largest skirmish was the Battle of the Scheldt
    - large inlet near Antwerp
- there were many fights, but all in all, CDNs met mediocre resistance
  - the more they won, the weaker the Germans got
- CDNs were hugely successful in this liberation

- today, we're still seen as heroes to the Dutch
  - if you ever take a trip to Holland, wear your flag with pride and strangers will treat you like gold
  - of all the graveyards in all of Europe, the CDN graveyards kept by the Dutch are the most beautiful and well-kept
  
- as the war pressed onwards, Germany collapsed under the weight of the three-front war they were fighting
  - a simple lack of resources weakened them
  - a weakened leadership decapitated them
    - Hitler became more and more fanatical as the war in Europe came to a close
      - committed suicide in a bunker in Berlin, and his body was burned afterwards

