The Power of the Medieval Church

- in Europe, the Church ran everything until the Renaissance in 1500 ACE
- the clergy (priests etc.) were extremely powerful
 - almost all the people in Europe were Christians
 - was organized to be the center of life
 - o services every Sunday
 - o the center of education in Medieval Europe
 - o ruled all aspects of life: birth, marriage, and death
 - was a high position in feudalism to be a priest
 - o equal to a noble
- the Church became extremely wealthy from 500 to 1500
 - sold salvation
 - if people donated land or money, the Church promised that their souls would go to heaven
 - o people would go to heaven due to being good, not giving gold and land (an out and out lie)
 - peasants had to pay tithe
 - 1/10 of all their earnings had to be paid to the Church
 - o all the peasants in Europe... millions and millions.. this was a lot of cash
 - owned VAST tracts of land
 - o at any random time, the Church owned almost one third of all of Europe
- all one had to do was look at the cathedrals of Europe to witness just how rich and powerful they were...

- the Pope was the head of the Church in Europe, and they often influenced kings
 - clergy members were highly educated
 - knew how to read and write, when often kings were not all that capable
 - o would become their personal advisors
 - as a result, they could greatly influence the will of kings and queens
- the Church held control over the peasants
 - peasants couldn't understand Latin
 - o both the Bible and sermons were in Latin
 - as a result, peasants were not able to interpret the Bible independently
 - they were told what to think and how to be "good Christians"
 - leads to an intellectual control that peasants don't break until the reformation

